GIRTON COLLEGE

ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2010

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Members of the Augmented Council

The members of the Augmented Council during the year were as follows:

Susan Jane Smith MA DPhil FBA

Arif Mohiuddin Ahmed MA PHD

Albertina Albors-Llorens LLM PHD

Harriet Dorothy Allen MA PHD MSC

Crispin Henry William Barnes BSC PHD

Kathleen Mary Veronica Bennett BSC PHD

Georgina Emma Mary Born BSC PHD

Edward John Briscoe BA MPHIL PHD

Fiona Justine Cooke MA BM BCH MSC PHD

Nik Cunniffe MA MSC MPHIL PHD

John Edward Davies MA PHD

Stuart Davis BA PHD

Judith Ann Drinkwater MA

Colm Durkan BA PHD

Martin William Ennis MA PHD

Shaun David Fitzgerald MA PHD

Christopher John Bristow Ford MA PHD

Abigail Lesley Fowden MA PHD

Alexandra Mary Fulton BSC PHD

Frances Gandy MA

Sinead Maria Garrigan Mattar BA DPHIL

Patricia Gray BA PHD

Benjamin John Griffin MA PHD

Maureen Jane Hackett BA MA

Howard Peter Hodson MA PHD

Edward William Holberton BA MPHII PHD

Liliana Janik MPHIL PHD

Andrew Ronald Jefferies MA VETMB FRCPATH

Clive Lawson MA PHD

Ross Ian Lawther MA PHD

Karen Lesley Lee MA

Deborah Lowther MA

Santa-Phani Gopal Madabhushi PHD

Francisca Malaree BSC MA

Alfredo Gabriele Natali, DOTT IN LETT E FIL

Emma Pugh BSC PHD

Roland Ernest Randall MSC MA PHD

Alastair James Reid MA PHD

Julia Margaret Riley MA PHD

Angela Charlotte Roberts PHD

Anthony Mark Savill MA PHD

Stuart Ashley Scott MA PHD

Hugh Richard Shercliff MA PHD

Fionnuala Elizabeth Sinclair BA PHD

Stelios Tofaris MA

Danielle Wilhelmina Antonia Gerarda van den Heuvel MA PHD

Helen Anne Van Noorden BA MPHIL PHD

Per-Olof Helge Wikstrom BA PHD

Ruth Margaret Williams MA PHD

Neil Wright PHD

Professional Advisors

Auditors

Peters Elworthy & Moore Salisbury House Station Road Cambridge CB1 2LA

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc 15 Bene't Street Cambridge CB2 3PZ

Securities Manager

Partners Capital LLP 5 Young Street London W8 5EH

Solicitors

Taylor Vinters Solictors Merlin Place Milton Road Cambridge CB4 0DP

Report of the Augmented Council

Year Ended 30 June 2010

Scope of the Financial Statements

The enclosed financial statements are the consolidated financial statements of Girton College and its subsidiary undertaking Girton College Property Services Limited for the year ended 30th June 2010. The activities of student societies have not been consolidated.

Review of operations

During the financial year, the College continued to pursue its statutory and charitable objectives of education, religion, learning and research to the full extent of its resources.

The College provides teaching, pastoral care, library and IT facilities, social and sporting facilities, living accommodation and catering services from two sites in Cambridge. These operations are funded by fees and charges paid by College members (or on their behalf from public funds), supplemented where necessary to maintain the standard of education and research by income from the College's endowment and income from conferences and other external users of the College's facilities.

As at 1st October 2009, the College had 41 Official Fellows, 9 Research Fellows, 6 Professorial Fellows, 6 Supernumerary Fellows, 6 Non-Stipendiary Fellows, 29 Life Fellows, 21 Bye-Fellows, 515 undergraduates, 49 postgraduates and 185 research students in residence in Cambridge. Of these, 6 Official Fellows, 7 Research Fellows, 457 undergraduates, and 74 postgraduate and research students were living in College-owned or College-managed accommodation. The College was responsible for providing a Director of Studies for each undergraduate, and for providing small-group teaching in addition to the teaching provided by the University. The College employed 42 College Lecturers in all the main subjects offered by the University to undergraduates, of whom 27 were also employed by the University or other institutions and 15 were employed solely by the College or under a share arrangement with another College. Of the 517 undergraduates entered for Tripos examinations, 73 obtained Firsts, 247 2:1s, 35 Class 2 (undivided), 66 2:2s, 16 Thirds and 80 other results. 9 students degraded during the year. 38 postgraduate students graduated with Masters level degrees and 24 research students were awarded their PhDs. 4 MBA, 4LLM, 4 MAST and 3 PGCE degrees were also awarded.

The College provided a Tutor for each student and access to other forms of pastoral care including a chaplain, nurses and counsellors. The College also made grants to its official student bodies, the Junior Combination Room (JCR) and the Middle Combination Room (MCR) to enable them to provide social support to their members. The College provided a cafeteria service which was available to all of its members throughout the year.

In its capacity as trustee of restricted funds totalling £21.2m (see note 12), the College awarded full bursaries (i.e. sufficient to cover all College charges) to 17 home students. A childcare bursary was awarded to one graduate student. The College also contributed to the cost of the 101 Newton Trust bursaries awarded to Girton students.

The College also hosted 470 conferences and events.

Financial management and control

The College operates a devolved budgeting system under which individual budget holders are responsible for managing income and expenditure within their own areas of operation, and for bringing forward budget proposals through an annual budgeting process. Students, Fellows and members of staff are encouraged to participate in the process through their membership of the College's various executive committees. The Budget Sub-Committee of the Financial Planning Committee is responsible for turning the proposals into a coherent and transparent budget proposal which is part of a sustainable ten year financial plan. The budget proposal is considered in detail by the College Council before it is approved, to ensure that it is consistent with the College's strategic aims and objectives.

Report of the Augmented Council – continued

Year Ended 30 June 2010

The proper use of finances and resources, in a manner which not only satisfies the requirements of internal control expected of a college, but also fulfils any legal or financial obligations as laid down by the Statutes and Ordinances, the Inland Revenue, Customs and Excise, the University of Cambridge and other authorities, is ensured by the College's Financial Regulations, which are approved by the College Council on the advice of the Bursar.

Cash flow, funding and liquidity

The College aims to break even before depreciation on its normal operations, and to build up its capital and reserves over time from unrestricted donations and bequests. Capital projects which cannot be funded from operational income are funded from specific appeals and/or long-term borrowing where appropriate in the light of the expected future cash flows resulting from the investment.

In 2009/10 the College's management accounts, after adjustments to eliminate capital items, showed an operating deficit before depreciation of £309,740 cf. a budgeted operating deficit of £950,032. An operating deficit of £310,781 is budgeted for 2010/11.

Unrestricted donations and bequests totalling £1,165,000 were received during the year and have been added to the College's endowment. Other unrestricted donation income of £318,000 has been used for expenditure on the general educational purposes of the College in accordance with College policy. Restricted donations and bequests totalling £1,845,000 have been received for a variety of other purposes, including scholarship, bursary and hardship funds, teaching fellowships, student prizes, the refurbishment of student accommodation, and new sports facilities (see below).

The College's income and expenditure account for 2009/10 showed a deficit of £1,581,000 after a depreciation charge for the year of £1,332,000. This is broadly in line with the College's aim of breaking even before depreciation and is consistent with previous years' results after taking account of variations in the flow of donations and bequests.

Capital projects

Development on the College's main site is constrained not only by funding but also by its location within the green belt and because the buildings are Grade II* listed. Wolfson Court is in a conservation area.

The main capital projects in progress during the financial year were:

Project	Budget	Status
	£000	
Refurbishment of Tower Wing - Phase 4	394	Completed Sept 09
Refurbishment of the Mistress's Flat	100	Completed Nov 10

Report of the Augmented Council - continued

Year Ended 30 June 2010

Future developments

The College has a number of other projects in development. Some of these will be unable to go ahead unless funds are raised specifically for those projects from donations and bequests. Projects currently in the planning phase include:

- Phase 5 of the refurbishment of Tower Wing, including renovation of public rooms on the ground floor;
- New sports pavilion;
- Major refurbishment of Wolfson Court;
- New wing of undergraduate accommodation on the main site at Ash Court

The College is also actively raising funds for :

- · Teaching Fellowships;
- Unrestricted endowment capital and income for the general educational purposes of the College.

The College's long term aim is to raise sufficient endowment capital to secure funding for all College teaching on a permanent basis and to enable it consistently to break even after depreciation.

On behalf of the Augmented Council

Deborah Lowther

Bursar

Responsibilities of the Council and the Augmented Council

Year Ended 30 June 2010

In accordance with the Statutes of the College, the Council is responsible for the administration of the affairs of the College and for the management of its property and income. For the purposes of approving the accounts and audit report, its membership is Augmented as described in the Statutes.

The Augmented Council is responsible for ensuring that there is an effective system of internal control and that accounting records are properly kept. It is required to present audited financial statements for each financial year, prepared in accordance with the Statutes of the University.

In causing the financial statements to be prepared, the Augmented Council has ensured that:

- suitable accounting policies are selected and applied consistently;
- judgements and estimates are made that are reasonable and prudent;
- applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;

The Augmented Council is satisfied that the College has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. The financial statements are accordingly prepared on a going concern basis.

The Augmented Council has taken reasonable steps to ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard the assets of the College and prevent and detect fraud.

Any system of internal financial control, however, can only provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Council is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the College's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Augmented Council

Year Ended 30 June 2010

We have audited the financial statements which comprise the consolidated income and expenditure account, the consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses, the consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated cash flow statement and related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the College's Augmented Council, as a body, in accordance with College's Statutes and the Statutes of the University of Cambridge. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the College's Augmented Council those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the College and the College's Augmented Council as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective Responsibilities of the Augmented Council and Auditors

The Augmented Council's responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Responsibilities of the Augmented Council.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the College's Statutes and the Statutes of the University of Cambridge. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Report of the Augmented Council is not consistent with the financial statements, if the College has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding Officers' remuneration and transactions with the College is not disclosed.

We are not required to consider whether the statement in the Augmented Council's Report concerning the major risks to which the College is exposed covers all existing risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's risk management and control procedures.

We read other information contained in the Augmented Council's Report and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. We consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

Basis of Audit Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Augmented Council in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the College's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of the information in the financial statements.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Augmented Council (continued)

Year Ended 30 June 2010

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the College's affairs as at 30 June 2010 and of the surplus of the College for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the College's Statutes and the Statutes of the University of Cambridge,
- the information given in the Report of the Governing Body is consistent with the financial statements;
- the contribution due from the College to the University has been correctly computed as advised in the provisional assessment by the University of Cambridge and in accordance with the provisions of Statute G, II, of the University of Cambridge.

Peters Elworthy & Moore Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditor CAMBRIDGE

Statement of Principal Accounting Policies

Year Ended 30 June 2010

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes of the College and of the University of Cambridge and applicable Accounting Standards.

In addition, the financial statements comply with the Statement of Recommended Practice for accounting in Further and Higher Education (the SORP) with the exception of the balance sheet which has been presented in the different format known as Recommended Cambridge College Accounts set out in the relevant section of Statutes and Ordinances of the University of Cambridge (RCCA). The provisions of the SORP require Endowments, Deferred Grants and Revaluation Reserves to be disclosed on the face of the balance sheet whereas RCCA requires that part of this information be disclosed in the notes to the accounts.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment assets and certain land and buildings.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the College and its subsidiary undertaking Girton College Property Services Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The College owns 100% of the issued share capital of the Company which amounts to £2. A separate balance sheet and related notes for the College are not included because Girton College Property Services is a design and build company and therefore the balance sheet of the College would not be materially different to the one included in the accounts. The activities of student societies have not been consolidated.

Recognition of income

The College invests its endowment portfolio and allocates the related earnings for expenditure in accordance with the total return concept. The spending policy is specifically designed to stabilise annual spending levels and to preserve the real value of the endowment portfolio over time. The College spending rule permits the transfer for the academic year of no more than 4 per cent of the closing balance of the fund as at the previous 1 January.

Income from permanent capital funds and short-term deposits is credited to the Income and Expenditure Account in the year in which it becomes receivable.

Donations and benefactions of an income nature are shown as income in the year in which they become receivable.

Benefactions and donations accepted on condition that only the income may be spent are credited to the balance sheet as permanent capital funds. The income from a permanent capital fund is shown as income in the year that it is receivable. Income from a permanent capital fund that is not expended in the year in which it is receivable is, at the year-end, transferred from the income and expenditure account to a restricted or unrestricted expendable capital fund, as appropriate. When there is subsequent expenditure of accumulated income from a restricted capital fund, income is credited back to the income and expenditure account to match the expenditure.

Restricted benefactions and donations that are used to fund capital projects are initially credited to a restricted expendable capital fund, and then released over the same estimated useful life that is used to determine the depreciation charge for the capital project.

College fee income is recognised in the period for which it is received and includes all fees chargeable to students or their sponsors. The costs of any fees waived or written off by the College are included as expenditure.

Statement of Principal Accounting Policies - continued

Year Ended 30 June 2010

Pension schemes

The College participates in the Universities Superannuation Scheme, a defined benefit scheme which is externally funded and contracted out of the State Earnings-related Pension Scheme. The fund is valued every three years by a professionally qualified independent actuary using the projected unit method, the rates of contribution payable being determined by the trustees on the advice of the actuary. In the intervening years, the actuary reviews the progress of the scheme. Pension costs are accounted for over the period during which the College benefits from the employees' services.

The College also contributes to the Cambridge Colleges Federated Pension Scheme, which is a similar defined benefit pension scheme. Unlike the Universities Superannuation Scheme, this scheme has surpluses and deficits directly attributable to individual Colleges. Pension costs are accounted for over the period during which the College benefits from the employees' services.

Tangible fixed assets

a. Land and buildings

Land and buildings are stated at valuation. Where buildings have been revalued, they are valued on the basis of their depreciated replacement cost. The valuation in April 2008 was carried out by FPDSavills, Chartered Surveyors. Freehold buildings are depreciated on a straight line basis over their expected useful economic life of 50 years, having initially deducted from the valuation an amount to reflect accumulated obsolescence in use. Depreciation is not charged in the year of acquisition of an asset, but is charged in the year of disposal. Freehold land is not depreciated.

Where land and buildings are acquired with the aid of specific bequests or donations they are capitalised and depreciated as above. The related benefactions are credited to a deferred capital account and are released to the Income and Expenditure Account over the expected useful economic life of the related asset on a basis consistent with the depreciation policy.

Finance costs which are directly attributable to the construction of buildings are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset may not be recoverable.

Buildings under construction are valued at cost, based on the value of architects' certificates and other direct costs incurred to 30th June. They are not depreciated until they are brought into use.

The cost of additions to operational property shown in the balance sheet includes the cost of land where applicable.

b. Maintenance of premises

The College has a ten year rolling maintenance plan which is reviewed on an annual basis. The cost of routine maintenance is charged to the Income and Expenditure account as it is incurred.

c. Furniture, fittings and equipment

Furniture, fittings and equipment are written off in the year of acquisition except for assets costing more than £50,000 per individual item, which are capitalised and written off over their expected useful lives as follows:

Furniture and fittings 20% per annum

Depreciation is not charged in the year of acquisition of an asset, but is charged in the year of disposal.

Statement of Principal Accounting Policies - continued

Year Ended 30 June 2010

d. Rare books, silver, works of art and other assets not related to education

Rare books, silver, works of art and other assets not related to education are valued at the insured value. Assets deemed to be inalienable are not included in the balance sheet. Items of antique furniture and silver have been valued by Cheffins, Auctioneers and Valuers.

Investments

Investments are included in the balance sheet at market value. Investments that are not listed on a recognised stock exchange are carried at historical cost less any provision for impairment in their value. Investment properties have been valued by FPDSavills, Chartered Surveyors.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the College has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at year end rates or, where there are related forward foreign exchange contracts, at contract rates. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the determination of income and expenditure for the financial year.

Taxation

During the year the College was an exempt charity within the meaning of Schedule 2 of the Charities Act 1993. On 1st June 2010, the College ceased to be an exempt charity and, subsequent to the balance sheet date, became a registered charity, number 1137541, on 18th August 2010.

The College is also a charity within the meaning of Section 506 (1) of the Taxes Act 1988. Accordingly, the College is exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within the categories covered by Section 505 of the Taxes Act 1988 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes.

The College receives no similar exemption in respect of Value Added Tax.

University Contribution under Statute G,II

The College is liable to be assessed for Contribution under the provisions of Statute G,II of the University of Cambridge. Contribution is used to fund grants to colleges from the Colleges Fund. The College is eligible to apply for such grants.

Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account

Income	Note	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Academic Fees and Charges Residences, Catering and Conferences Endowment Income	1 2 3	2,332 3,290 2,206	2,255 3,541 2,239
Total Income		7,828	8,035
Expenditure			
Education Residences, Catering and Conferences	4 5	3,366 5,521	3,249 5,840
Total Expenditure	7	8,887	9,089
Operating (Deficit)/Surplus		(1,059)	(1,054)
Contribution under Statute G,II	6	(10) (1,069)	(18)
Transfer (to)/from accumulated income within restricted expendable capital		(512)	(208)
Net (Deficit)/Surplus		(1,581)	(1,280)

Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses

	Restricted Fund Collegiate Purposes	ls Unrestr Designated Funds	ricted Funds Undesignated Funds	Total 2010	Total 2009
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance brought forward at			2 000		
1 July 2009	21,386	6,534	72,450	100,370	109,471
Prior period adjustment		-	(32)	(32)	-
Adjusted brought forward balance	21,386	6,534	72,418	100,338	109,471
Retained Surplus/(Deficit) for the Year Appreciation/(Depreciation) of	2	89	(1,672)	(1,581)	(1,280)
Investment Assets Income receivable from endowment	649	166	2,579	3,394	(9,929)
asset investments (net)	156	32	219	407	1,612
Endowment return transferred to incom	-				
and expenditure account	(551)	(135)	(297)	(983)	-
Unspent Trust or Other Restricted Fund Income Retained by Funds	ว 512	_	_	512	208
Actuarial (loss)/gain on pension schem		_	_	312	200
assets and liabilities	-	-	(1,144)	(1,144)	(400)
Release of Deferred Capital Fund	(136)	_	-	(136)	(128)
Benefactions and Donations	`155 [´]	1,267	1,000	2,422	733
Capital Grant Received from Colleges					
Fund	-	-	132	132	83
Transfers between Funds	(991)	(141)	1,132	-	-
Total Recognised Gains/(Losses) for th					
Year	(204)	1,278	1,949	3,023	(9,101)
Balance carried forward at					
30 June 2010	21,182	7,812	74,367	103,361	100,370

Consolidated Balance Sheet

Year Ended 30 June 2010

	Not	е		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Fixed Assets Tangible Assets Freehold land and buildings Long leasehold land and buildings Equipment	8			63,295 277 	64,210 283 16
Investments Freehold land and buildings Fixed interest stocks, equities and cash Other Fixed Assets				8,558 35,327 5,650	8,091 26,639 4,231
Current Assets Stock Debtors Cash	9			49,535 64 321 1,174	38,961 53 761 6,463
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Net Current Assets	10			1,559 (1,060) 499	7,277 (1,021) 6,256
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities				113,606	109,726
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Net Assets excluding pension liability	11			(8,457)	(8,597)
Pension Liability				(1,788)	(759)
Net Assets including Pension Liability				103,361	100,370
		Income/ Expendable Capital Funds £'000	Permanent Capital Funds £'000	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Capital and Reserves Restricted funds held for Collegiate purposes Unrestricted – Designated funds Unrestricted – Undesignated funds excluding Pension Reserve	12 12 12	7,252 3,154 62,889	13,930 4,658 13,266	21,182 7,812 76,155	21,386 6,534 73,209
Pension Reserve Fund Unrestricted – Undesignated funds including Pension Reserve		(1,788) 61,101 71,507	13,266	(1,788) 74,367 103,361	(759) 72,450 100,370

Approved by the Augmented Council on 23rd November 2010 and signed on their behalf by:

Prof Susan Smith Deborah Lowther Mistress Bursar

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Operating Activities		
Operating Surplus/(Deficit)	(1,059)	(1,054)
Depreciation	1,332	1,314
Pension Reserve (Surplus)/Loss Deferred Capital Fund Applied	(10) (136)	38 (128)
Investment Income and interest	(987)	(1,560)
Interest Payable	-	278
Decrease/(Increase) in Stocks	(11)	3
(Increase)/Decrease in Debtors Increase/(Decrease) in Creditors	339 80	(204) 40
Net Cash Outflow from Operating Activities	(452)	(1,273)
	(432)	(1,273)
Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance		
Investment Income	743	1,786
Other Interest Received Interest Paid	11 (412)	52 (278)
Net Cash Inflow from Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance	342	1,560
Contribution to Colleges Fund	(10)	(18)
-	(10)	(10)
Capital Transactions		
Donations & Benefactions	2,422	733
Capital Grants Received from Colleges Fund Non cash donation	133 (2,100)	83 (113)
Non cash donation	455	703
Pension fund special contribution	(105)	_
Payments to Acquire Tangible Fixed Assets	(395)	(859)
Payments to Acquire/Disposals of Investment Assets	(5,003)	
	(5,503)	(859)
Net Cash (Outflow)/Inflow from Capital Transactions	(5,048)	(156)
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) Before Financing	(5,168)	113
Financing		
Long Term Loans Received	-	5,000
Long Term Loans Repaid	(121)	(120)
Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Financing	(121)	4,880
(Decrease)/Increase in Cash in Year	(5,289)	4,767
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net liquid assets		
(Decrease)/Increase in Cash in the Year	(5,289)	4,767
Movement in Long Term Loans	121	(4,880)
Net change in debt Net Funds brought forward at 1 July 2009	(5,168) (1,879)	(113) (1,766)
Net Funds carried forward at 1 out 2000	$\frac{(7,073)}{(7,047)}$	(1,879)
		<u> </u>

Notes to the Accounts

1.	Academic Fees and Charges				2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	College Fees: Fee Income paid on behalf of Under (per capita fee £3,744) Other Undergraduate Fee Income Matriculating pre 2004/5 (per capital feet feet) Matriculating post 2004/5 (per capital feet)	apita fee £3,750)	Support	1,817 230	1,743 - 210
	G	•				
	Graduate Fee Income (per capita fe	e £2,184)		285	302	
	Total				2,332	2,255
2.	Residences, Catering and Conferences Income Accommodation	College memb	oers		2010 £'000 1,830 257	2009 £'000 1,846 374
	Catering	College memb	oers	730	732	
	Total	Conferences		473 3,290	589 3,541	
				;	3,233	
3	Endowment Income	Incom	e from	2010 Income from Unrestricted Funds		
3a	Analysis of Endowment Income	Collegiate Purposes £000	Non- Collegiate Purposes £000	£000	2010 Total £000	2009 Total £000
	Income from: Total return recognised in income and expenditure account (3b) Cash	551 -	- -	432 4	983 4	1,498 62
	Donations & Benefactions Deferred appeal reserve write	690	-	393	1,083	551
	down	136			136	128
		1,377		829	2,206	2,239

Notes to the Accounts

3.	Endowment Income continued			
3b	Summary of Total Return		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Income from: Land and buildings Quoted and other securities and Gains/(losses) from endowment as		636 269	633 1,108
	Land and buildings Quoted and other securities and Loan interest payable Investment management costs	d cash	3,394 (405) (96)	(8,317) (129) (114)
	Total return for the year Total return transferred to income	and expenditure acct	3,798 (983)	(6,819)
	Unapplied total return for year inclu	uded in STRGL	2,815	
3с	Investment Management costs		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Land and buildings Quoted and other securities and ca	ash	33 63	34 80
			96	114
4.	Education Expenditure		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Teaching Tutorial Admissions Research Scholarships and awards Other Educational Facilities Total		1,748 310 223 595 341 149 3,366	1,710 297 198 576 336 132 3,249
5.	Residence, Catering and Conferences Expenditure		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Accommodation	College Members	2,419	2,477
	Catering	Conferences College Members Conferences	1,133 1,454 515	1,159 1,629 575
	Total		5,521	5,840
6.	Taxation		2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	University Contribution		10	18

Notes to the Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2010

7a	Analysis of 2010 Expenditure by Activity	Staff Costs (Note 15) £'000	Other Operating Expenses £'000	Depreciation £'000	Total £'000
	Education (Note 4)	2,271	869	226	3,366
	Residences, Catering and Conferences				
	(Note 5)	2,635	1,780	1,106	5,521
	Other				
		4,906	2,649	1,332	8,887

Included in the above costs are £423,902 of development costs including alumni relations.

7b.	Analysis of 2009 Expenditure by Activity	Staff Costs (Note 15) £'000	Other Operating Expenses £'000	Depreciation £'000	Total £'000
	Education (Note 4)	2,146	881	222	3,249
	Residences, Catering and Conferences				
	(Note 5)	2,538	2,210	1,092	5,840
	Other	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
		4,684	3,091	1,314	9,089
		·			

8a. Fixed Assets

Original Cost As at 1 July 2009 65,502 289 279 66,070 Additions 395 - - 395 Disposals - - - - - - Revaluation -<	Tixeu Assets	Freehold Land & Buildings	Long Leasehold Land & Buildings	Furniture, Fittings and Equipment	Total
As at 1 July 2009 65,502 289 279 66,070 Additions 395 395 Disposals 395 Revaluation	Original Cost	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Additions 395 - - 395 Disposals - - - - - Revaluation - - - - - - - As at 30 June 2010 65,897 289 279 66,465 Accumulated Depreciation -<		65 502	200	270	66 070
Disposals -			209	219	
Revaluation - <th< td=""><td></td><td>393</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>393</td></th<>		393	-	-	393
As at 30 June 2010 65,897 289 279 66,465 Accumulated Depreciation At 1 July 2009 1,292 6 263 1,561 Charge for the Year 1,310 6 16 1,332 Disposals in year Revaluation		-	-	<u>-</u>	_
Accumulated Depreciation At 1 July 2009 1,292 6 263 1,561 Charge for the Year 1,310 6 16 1,332 Disposals in year - - - - Revaluation - - - -	Nevaluation	_	_	_	-
At 1 July 2009 1,292 6 263 1,561 Charge for the Year 1,310 6 16 1,332 Disposals in year - - - - - Revaluation - - - - -	As at 30 June 2010	65,897	289	279	66,465
At 1 July 2009 1,292 6 263 1,561 Charge for the Year 1,310 6 16 1,332 Disposals in year - - - - - Revaluation - - - - -	Accumulated Depreciation				
Charge for the Year 1,310 6 16 1,332 Disposals in year - - - - - Revaluation - - - - -		1.292	6	263	1.561
Disposals in year Revaluation			6		
Revaluation		, -	-	-	, -
At 30 June 2010 2 602 12 270 2 803	•	-	-	-	-
AL 30 JULIE 2010 2,002 12 273 2,033	At 30 June 2010	2,602	12	279	2,893
		<u> </u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net Book value	Net Book value				
At 30 June 2010 <u>63,295</u> <u>277</u> - <u>63,572</u>	At 30 June 2010	63,295	277		63,572
At 30 June 2009 64,210 283 16 64,509	At 30 June 2009	64,210	283	16	64,509

The insured value of Freehold Buildings at 30 June 2010 was £92,276,161.

Notes to the Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2010

8b.	Investment Assets	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	As at 1 July 2009	38,962	47,168
	Additions	34,110	13,826
	Disposals	(14,119)	(32,859)
	Appreciation/(depreciation) on revaluation	4,078	(1,888)
	Increase/(Decrease) in Cash Balances held by Fund Managers	(13,496)	12,715
	As at 30 June 2010	49,535	38,962
	Represented by:	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Freehold Land and Buildings	8,558	8,091
	Quoted Securities – Fixed Interest	1,791	2,936
	Quoted Securities – Equities	21	3,132
	Alternative Investments	32,388	5,948
	Cash held for Reinvestment	1,127	14,624
	Antique Furniture, Works of Art etc	5,650	4,231
	. 1	49,535	38,962

The College is also the joint beneficiary with another organisation of a trust which owns a number of properties in Ealing, West London. Rental income less expenses is divided equally between the beneficiaries. When tenants vacate the properties, they are sold and the proceeds of the sales (less expenses) are divided equally between the beneficiaries. At 30 June 2010, the College's share in the three remaining properties is estimated to be about £525,000 (gross); this amount is not included within Investment Assets.

9.	Cash	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Bank Deposits Cash in Hand	1,172 2	6,460 2
		1,174	6,462
10.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Long Term Loans	125	122
	Student Prepayments Other Creditors	35 900	34 865
		1,060	1,021
11.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Long Term Loans	8,094	8,219
	Student Prepayments	363	378
		8,457	8,597

Notes to the Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2010

12.	Capital and Reserves	Income/ Expendable Capital Funds	Permanent Capital Funds	Total 2010 £'000	Total 2009 £'000
	Restricted Funds:				
	Trust Funds	886	13,930	14,816	15,465
	Donations & benefactions	876	-	876	346
	Deferred capital funds	5,490		5,490	5,575
		7,252	13,930	21,182	21,386
	Unrestricted Funds: Designated Funds: Special Funds Donations & benefactions	2,985	4,658	7,643 169	6,449 <u>85</u>
		3,154	4,658	7,812	6,534
	Undesignated Funds:				
	Corporate Capital	-	13,211	13,211	10,432
	Donations & benefactions	25	55	80	67
	Pension Reserve	(1,788)	-	(1,788)	(759)
	Other General Capital	62,864	-	62,864	62,710
	·	61,101	13,266	74,367	72,450
		71,507	31,854	103,361	100,370

Reconciliation of Movement in Capital Reserves

	Restric	ted Funds		Unrestricted Funds				
			Desig	Designated Funds Undesignated Funds		signated Funds		
	Income/		Income/		Income/			
	Expendable Capital Funds £'000	Permanent Capital Funds £'000	Expendable Capital Funds £'000	Permanent Capital Funds £'000	Expendable Capital Funds £'000	Permanent Capital Funds £'000	Total 2010 £'000	Total 2009 £'000
Balance as at 1 July 2009	7,687	13,699	3,100	3,434	61,963	10,487	100,370	109,472
Increases in Year	1,438	811	486	1,361	3,026	3,095	10,217	3,329
Decreases in Year	(1,873)	(580)	(432)	(137)	(3,888)	(316)	(7,226)	(12,431)
Balance as at 30 June 2010	7,252	13,930	3,154	4,658	61,101	13,266	103,361	100,370

Notes to the Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2010

12. Capital and Reserves continued

Analysis of Restricted and Designated Funds

	Restricted Funds 2010 £'000	Designated Funds 2010 £'000	Total 2010 £'000	Total 2009 £'000
Fellowship Funds	8,751	1,414	10,165	8,564
Scholarship Funds	4,020	1,000	5,020	3,911
Prizes Funds	282	131	413	390
Hardship Funds	1,421	263	1,684	665
Bursary Funds	1,247	68	1,315	2,073
Travel Grants Funds	293	15	308	306
Other Funds	5,168	4,921	10,089	12,011
	21,182	7,812	28,994	27,920

Capital is invested in the following categories of assets

	Restricted Funds Unrest			Unrestri	ricted Funds			
			Designated F	unds	Undesignated Funds			
	Income/ Expend- able Capital Funds £'000	Perma- nent Capital Funds £'000	Income/ Expend- able Capital Funds £'000	Perma- nent Capital Funds £'000	Income/ Expendable Capital Funds £'000	Perma- nent Capital Funds £'000	Total 2010 £'000	Total 2009 £'000
Tangible Fixed								
Assets Investment	5,452	-	-	-	58,022	98	63,572	64,509
Assets Net Current	38	13,930	-	4,658	20,584	10,325	49,535	38,961
Assets	1,762	-	3,154	_	(7,260)	2,843	499	6,256
Sinking Fund Creditors: more than	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
one year	_	_	-	-	(8,457)	_	(8,457)	(8,597)
Pension Liability	-	-	-	-	(1,788)	-	(1,788)	(759)
Total	7,252	13,930	3,154	4,658	61,101	13,266	103,361	100,370

Memorandum of Unapplied Total Return

	Total 2010 £'000
Brought forward	3,724
Total return for year	3,801
Endowment return transferred to income & expenditure account	(983)
At end of year	6,542

Notes to the Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2010

13. Policy on Management of Reserves

The income or expendable capital of restricted funds is used only for the purposes for which the funds were originally given or bequeathed to the College. The income or expendable capital of unrestricted funds may be used either for the general educational purposes of the College or for a particular purpose designated by Council. The Council may designate or re-designate unrestricted funds as it deems appropriate depending on the College's financial situation. The permanent capital of restricted funds is invested for the long-term with a view to maintaining its real value. Expendable capital is also invested for the long-term unless expenditure is planned. Expendable capital required for specific projects is held in the form of cash.

14.	Capital Commitments				2010 £'000	2009 £'000
	Commitments contracted for at 30 Ju	ne 2010			99	377
15.	Staff		Oth	ner		
		College Fellows 2010 £'000	Academics 2010 £'000	Non- Academics 2010 £'000	Total 2010 £'000	Total 2009 £'000
	Staff Costs					
	Emoluments	1,184	76	2,829	4,089	3,893
	Social Security Costs	82	3	191	276	261
	Other Pension Costs (see note 16)	172	4	365	541	530
	_	1,438	83	3,385	4,906	4,684
	Average Staff Numbers					
	Academic	54	20	-	74	71
	Non-Academic - full time equivalent_	<u>-</u>		124	124	127
		54	20	124	198	198

No officers or employees of the College, including the Head of House, received emoluments over £100,000.

Notes to the Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2010

16. Pension Schemes

The College's employees belong to two principal pension schemes, the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS) and the Cambridge Colleges Federation Pension Scheme (CCFPS). The total pension cost for the period was £547,000 (2009: £497,000).

Universities Superannuation Scheme

The college participates in the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS), a defined benefit scheme which is contracted out of the State Second Pension (S2P). The assets of the scheme are held in a separate fund administered by the trustee, Universities Superannuation Scheme Limited.

The appointment of directors to the board of the trustee is determined by the company's Articles of Association. Four of the directors are appointed by Universities UK; three are appointed by the University and College Union, of whom at least one must be a USS pensioner member; one is appointed by the Higher Education Funding Councils; and a minimum of two and a maximum of four are co-opted directors appointed by the board. Under the scheme trust deed and rules, the employer contribution rate is determined by the trustee, acting on actuarial advice.

Because of the mutual nature of the scheme, the scheme's assets are not hypothecated to individual institutions and a scheme-wide contribution rate is set. The institution is therefore exposed to actuarial risks associated with other institutions' employees and is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis and therefore, as required by FRS 17 "Retirement Benefits", accounts for the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the Income and Expenditure represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

The latest triennial actuarial valuation of the scheme was at 31 March 2008. This was the first valuation for USS under the new scheme-specific funding regime introduced by the Pension Act 2004, which requires schemes to adopt a statutory funding objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover their technical provisions. The actuary also carries out a review of the funding level each year between triennial valuations and details of his estimate of the funding level at 31 March 2010 are also included in this note.

The triennial valuation was carried out using the projected unit method. The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the result of the valuation are those relating to the rate of return on investments (i.e. the valuation rate of interest), the rates of increase in salary and pensions and the assumed rates of mortality. The financial assumptions were derived from market yields prevailing at the valuation date. An "inflation risk premium" adjustment was also included by deducting 0.3% from the market-implied inflation on account of the historically high level of inflation implied by government bonds (particularly when compared to the Bank of England's target of 2% for CPI which corresponds broadly to 2.75% for RPI per annum).

To calculate the technical provisions, it was assumed that the valuation rate of interest would be 6.4% per annum (which includes an additional assumed investment return over gilts of 2% per annum), salary increases would be 4.3% per annum (plus an additional allowance for increases in salaries due to age and promotion reflecting historic Scheme experience, with a further cautionary reserve on top for past service liabilities) and pensions would increase by 3.3% per annum.

Notes to the Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2010

16. Pension Schemes (continued)

Standard mortality tables were used as follows:

Male members' mortality PA92 MC YoB tables - rated down 1 year

Female members' mortality PA92 MC YoB tables – No age rating

Use of these mortality tables reasonably reflects the actual USS experience but also provides an element of conservatism to allow for further improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement at age 65 are:

Males (females) currently aged 65 22.8 (24.8) years

Males (females) currently aged 45 24.0 (25.9) years

At the valuation date, the value of the assets of the scheme was £28,842.6 million and the value of the scheme's technical provisions was £28,135.3 million indicating a surplus of £707.3 million. The assets therefore were sufficient to cover 103% of the benefits which had accrued to members after allowing for expected future increases in earnings.

The actuary also valued the scheme on a number of other bases as at the valuation date. On the scheme's historic gilts basis, using a valuation rate of interest in respect of past service liabilities of 4.4% per annum (the expected return on gilts) funding level was approximately 71%. Under the Pension Protection Fund regulations introduced by the Pensions Act 2004 the Scheme was 107% funded; on a buy-out basis (i.e. assuming the Scheme had discontinued on the valuation date) the assets would have been approximately 79% of the amount necessary to secure all the USS benefits with an insurance company; and using the FRS17 formula as if USS was a single employer scheme, using a AA bond discount rate of 6.5% per annum based on spot yields, the actuary estimated that the funding level at 31 March 2008 was 104%.

The technical provisions relate essentially to the past service liabilities and funding levels, but it is also necessary to assess the ongoing cost of newly accruing benefits. The cost of future accrual was calculated using the same assumptions as those used to calculate the technical provisions except that the valuation rate of interest assumed asset outperformance over gilts of 1.7% per annum (compared to 2% per annum for the technical provisions) giving a discount rate of 6.1% per annum; also the allowance for promotional salary increases was not as high. There is currently uncertainty in the sector regarding pay growth. Analysis has shown very variable levels of growth over and above general pay increases in recent years, and the salary growth assumption built into the cost of future accrual is based on more stable, historic, salary experience. However, when calculating the past service liabilities of the scheme, a cautionary reserve has been included, in addition, on account of the variability mentioned above.

The scheme wide contribution rate required for future service benefits alone at the date of the valuation was 16% of pensionable salaries and the trustee company, on the advice of the actuary, increased the institution contribution rate to 16% of pensionable salaries from 1 October 2009.

Since 31 March 2008 global investment markets have continued to fluctuate and at 31 March 2010 the actuary has estimated that the funding level under the new scheme specific funding regime had fallen from 103% to 91% (a deficit of £3.065 million). This estimate is based on the funding level at 31 March 2008, adjusted to reflect the fund's actual investment performance over the year and changes in market conditions (market conditions affect both the valuation rate of interest and also the inflation assumption which in turn impacts on the salary and pension increase assumptions).

Notes to the Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2010

16. Pension Schemes (continued)

On the FRS17 basis, using a AA bond discount rate of 5.6% based on spot yields, the actuary estimated that the funding level at 31 March 2010 was 80%. An estimate of the funding level measured on a buy-out basis at that date was approximately 57%.

Surpluses or deficits which arise at future valuations may impact on the institution's future contribution commitment. A deficit may require additional funding in the form of higher contribution requirements, where a surplus could, perhaps, be used to similarly reduce contribution requirements. The sensitivities regarding the principal assumptions used to measure the scheme liabilities are set out below.

Assumption	Change in assumption	Impact on scheme liabilities
Valuation rate of interest	Increase/decrease by 0.5%	Decrease/increase by £2.2 billion
Rate of pension increases	Increase/decrease by 0.5%	Increase/decrease by £1.5 billion
Rate of salary growth	Increase/decrease by 0.5%	Increase/decrease by £0.7 billion
Rate of mortality	More prudent assumption (move to long cohort future improvements from the medium cohort adopted at the valuation)	Increase by £1.6 billion

USS is a "last man standing" scheme so that in the event of the insolvency of any of the participating employers in USS, the amount of any pension funding shortfall (which cannot otherwise be recovered) in respect of that employer will be spread across the remaining participant employers and reflected in the next actuarial valuation of the scheme.

The trustee believes that over the long-term equity investment and investment in selected alternative asset classes will provide superior returns to other investment classes. The management structure and targets set are designed to give the fund a major exposure to equities through portfolios that are diversified both geographically and by sector. The trustee recognizes that it would be theoretically possible to select investments producing income flows broadly similar to the estimated liability cash flows. However, in order to meet the long-term funding objective within a level of contributions that it considers the employers would be willing to make, the trustee has agreed to take on a degree of investment risk relative to the liabilities. This taking of investment risk seeks to target a greater return than the matching assets would provide whilst maintaining a prudent approach to meeting the fund's liabilities. Before deciding to take investment risk relative to the liabilities, the trustee receives advice from its internal investment team, its investment consultant and the scheme actuary, and considers the views of the employers. The strong positive cash flow of the scheme means that it is not necessary to realise investments to meet liabilities. The trustee believes that this, together with the ongoing flow of new entrants into the scheme and the strength of covenant of the employers enables it to take a long-term view of its investments. Short-term volatility of returns can be tolerated and need not feed through directly to the contribution rate although the trustee is mindful of the desirability of keeping the funding level on the scheme's technical provisions close to or above 100% thereby minimizing the risk of the introduction of deficit contributions. The actuary has confirmed that the scheme's cash flow is likely to remain positive for the next ten years or more.

The next formal triennial actuarial valuation is due as at 31 March 2011. The contribution rate will be reviewed as part of each valuation and may be reviewed more frequently.

Notes to the Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2010

16. Pension Schemes (continued)

At 31 March 2010, USS had over 135,000 active members and the college had 68 active members participating in the scheme.

The total pension cost for the College was £217,682 (2009: £177,000). The contribution rate payable by the College was 16% of pensionable salaries

Cambridge Colleges Federated Pension Scheme

The College is a member of a defined benefit scheme, the Cambridge College Federated Pension Scheme, in the United Kingdom. The Scheme is a defined benefit final salary pension scheme that was originally set up, under an interim Trust Deed, on 19 July 1977 as a defined benefit scheme. The scheme is deemed to be a registered pension scheme under the terms of Schedule 36 of the Finance Act 2004. The College's employees covered by the Scheme are contracted out of the State Second Pension (S2P).

The principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date (expressed as weighted average) were as follows:

	2010 % p.a	2009 % p.a
Discount rate	5.6%	6.4%
Expected long-term rate of return on Scheme assets	6.6%	6.2%
Salary inflation assumption	4.7% ¹	3.9%
Inflation assumption	3.7%	2.9%
Pension increases (inflation linked)	3.7%	2.9%
Pension increases (capped inflation linked)	3.5%	2.7%

The underlying mortality assumption is based upon the standard table known as PA92 on a year of birth usage with medium cohort future improvement factors with the base table adjusted by a 20% uplift to reflect higher Scheme mortality rates than the standard tables.

Employee Benefit Obligations

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet as at 31 March 2010 to the nearest £'000 (with comparative figures as at 31 March 2009) are as follows: 2000

2010

	£000	£000
Present value of Scheme liabilities Market value of Scheme assets Surplus/(deficit) in the Scheme	(8,547) <u>6,759</u> (1,788)	(5,993) 5,234 (759)

¹ 1.5% in 2010, 4.7% thereafter

Notes to the Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2010

16. Pension Schemes (continued)

The amounts to be recognised in the profit and loss for the year to 31 March 2010 (with comparative figures for the year ending 31 March 2009) are as follows:

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Current service cost	221	297
Interest on Scheme liabilities	391	407
Expected return on Scheme assets	(328)	(369)
Past service cost		-
Curtailment gain	-	-
Total	284	335
Actual return on Scheme assets	1,071	(765)

Changes in the present value of the Scheme liabilities for the year ending 31 March 2010 (with comparative figures for the year ending 31 March 2009) are as follows:

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Present value of Scheme liabilities at beginning of period	5,993	6,090
Service cost including Employee contributions	361	434
Interest cost	391	407
Actuarial losses/(gains)	1,887	(734)
Benefits paid	(85)	(204)
Present value of Scheme liabilities at end of period	8,547	5,993

Changes in the fair value of the Scheme assets for the year ending 31 March 2009 (with comparative figures for the year ending 31 March 2009) are as follows:

0040

	2010 £000	2009 £000
Market value of Scheme assets at beginning of period	5,234	5,699
Expected return	328	369
Actuarial gains/(losses)	743	(1,134)
Contributions paid by the College	399	366
Employee contributions	140	137
Benefits paid	(85)	(204)
Market value of Scheme assets at end of period	6,759	5,233

The agreed contributions to be paid by the College for the forthcoming year are 17.14% of Contribution Pay plus £104,638 pa in March 2010, subject to review at future actuarial valuations. This rate excludes PHI.

The major categories of Scheme assets as a percentage of total Scheme assets for the year ending 31 March 2009 (with comparative figures for the year ending 31 March 2009) are as follows:

	2010	2009
Equities and Hedge Funds	60%	48%
Bonds and Cash	32%	43%
Property	8%	9%
Total	100%	100%

Notes to the Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2010

16. Pension Schemes (continued)

The expected long term rate of return on the Scheme assets has been calculated based upon the major asset categories shown in the above table and an expected rate of return on equities and hedge funds of 7.5% (2009: 7.3%), property 6.5% (2009: 6.3%) and an expected rate of return on bonds and cash of 5.0% (2008: 4.8%).

Analysis of amount recognizable in statement of total recognised gains and losses (STRGL) for the year ending 31 March 2010 (with comparative figures for the year ending 31 March 2009) are as follows:

2010

2040

2010

2000

2000

2000

	2010	2003
	£000	£000
Actual return less expected return on Scheme assets	743	(1,134)
Experience gains and losses arising on Scheme liabilities	114	(59)
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of Scheme liabilities	(2,001)	793
Actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in STRGL	(1,144)	(400)

Cumulative amount of actuarial gains and losses recognised in STRGL for the year ending 30 June 2010 (with comparative figures for the year ending 30 June 2009) are as follows:

	£000	£000
Cumulative actuarial gain/(loss) at beginning of period	(565)	(165)
Recognised during the period	(1,144)	(400)
Cumulative actuarial gain/(loss) at end of period	(1,709)	(565)

Movement in surplus/(deficit) during the year ending 31 March 2010 (with comparative figures for the year ending 31 March 2009) are as follows:

	£000	£000
Surplus/(deficit) in Scheme at beginning of year	(759)	(391)
Service Cost (Employer Only)	(221)	(296)
Contributions paid by the College	398	366
Finance Cost	(62)	(38)
Actuarial gain/(loss)	(1,144)	(400)
Surplus/(deficit) in Scheme at the end of the year	(1,788)	(759)

Amounts for the current and previous four accounting periods are as follows:

	2010 £000	2009 £000	2008 £000	2007 £000	2006 £000
Present value of Scheme liabilities Market value of Scheme assets Surplus/(deficit) in the Scheme	(8,547) 6,759 (1,788)	(5,993) 5,234 (759)	(6,090) 5,699 (391)	(5,879) 5,416 (463)	(5,519) 4,665 (854)
Actual return less expected return on Scheme assets Experience gain/(loss) arising on	743	(1,134)	(409)	(3)	399
Scheme liabilities Change in assumptions underlying	114	(59)	(74)	7	(36)
present value of Scheme liabilities	(2,001)	793	455	298	(509)

Notes to the Accounts

Year Ended 30 June 2010

17. Related Party Transactions

Owing to the nature of the College's operations and the composition of its Augmented Council it is inevitable that transactions will take place with organisations in which a member of the Augmented Council may have an interest. All transactions involving organisations in which a member of the Augmented Council may have an interest are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the College's normal procedures.